

Third Quarter 2016 Results

November 4, 2016

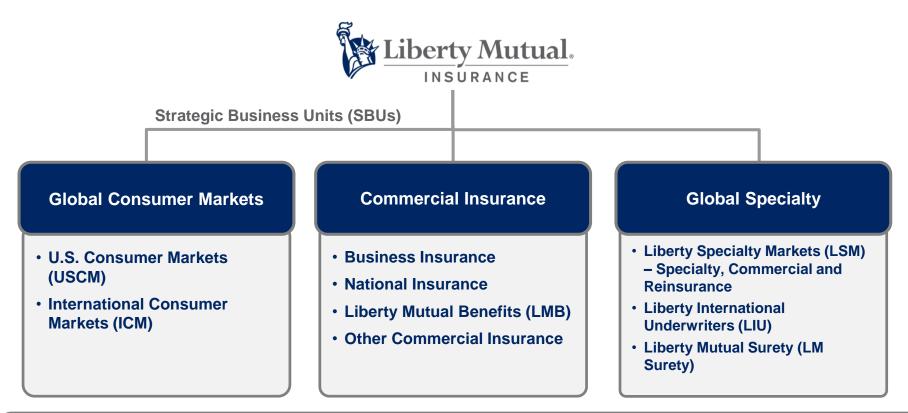
Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements

This report contains forward looking statements that are intended to enhance the reader's ability to assess the future financial and business performance of Liberty Mutual Holding Company Inc., the parent corporation of the Liberty Mutual Insurance group of entities (the "Company" or "LMHC"). Forward looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements that represent the Company's beliefs concerning future operations, strategies, financial results or other developments, and contain words and phrases such as "may," "expects," "should," "believes," "anticipates," "estimates," "intends" or similar expressions. Because these forward looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions that are subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control or are subject to change, actual results could be materially different.

Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ include, but are not limited to the following: the occurrence of catastrophic events (including terrorist acts, hurricanes, hail, tornados, tsunamis, earthquakes, floods, snowfall and winter conditions); inadequacy of loss reserves; adverse developments involving asbestos, environmental or toxic tort claims and litigation; adverse developments in the cost, availability or ability to collect reinsurance; disruptions to the Company's relationships with its independent agents and brokers; financial disruption or a prolonged economic downturn; the performance of the Company's investment portfolios; a rise in interest rates; risks inherent in the Company's alternative investments in private limited partnerships ("LP"), limited liability companies ("LLC"), commercial mortgages and natural resource working interests; difficulty in valuing certain of the Company's investments; subjectivity in the determination of the amount of impairments taken on the Company's investments; unfavorable outcomes from litigation and other legal proceedings, including the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues and investigations by state and federal authorities; the Company's exposure to credit risk in certain of its business operations; the Company's inability to obtain price increases or maintain market share due to competition or otherwise; inadequacy of the Company's pricing models; changes to insurance laws and regulations; changes in the amount of statutory capital that the Company must hold to maintain its financial strength and credit ratings; regulatory restrictions on the Company's ability to change its methods of marketing and underwriting in certain areas; assessments for guaranty funds and mandatory pooling arrangements; a downgrade in the Company's claims-paying and financial strength ratings; the ability of the Company's subsidiaries to pay dividends to the Company; inflation, including inflation in medical costs and automobile and home repair costs; the cyclicality of the property and casualty insurance industry; political, legal, operational and other risks faced by the Company's international business; potentially high severity losses involving the Company's surety products; loss or significant restriction on the Company's ability to use credit scoring in the pricing and underwriting of personal lines policies; inadequacy of the Company's controls to ensure compliance with legal and regulatory standards; changes in federal or state tax laws; risks arising out of the Company's securities lending program; the Company's utilization of information technology systems and its implementation of technology innovations; difficulties with technology or data security; insufficiency of the Company's business continuity plan in the event of a disaster; the Company's ability to successfully integrate operations, personnel and technology from its acquisitions; insufficiency of the Company's enterprise risk management models and modeling techniques; and changing climate conditions. The Company's forward looking statements speak only as of the date of this report or as of the date they are made and should be regarded solely as the Company's current plans, estimates and beliefs. For a detailed discussion of these and other cautionary statements, visit the Company's Investor Relations website at www.libertymutualgroup.com/investors. The Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward looking statements.

Liberty Mutual Overview

Mission statement: Helping people live safer, more secure lives



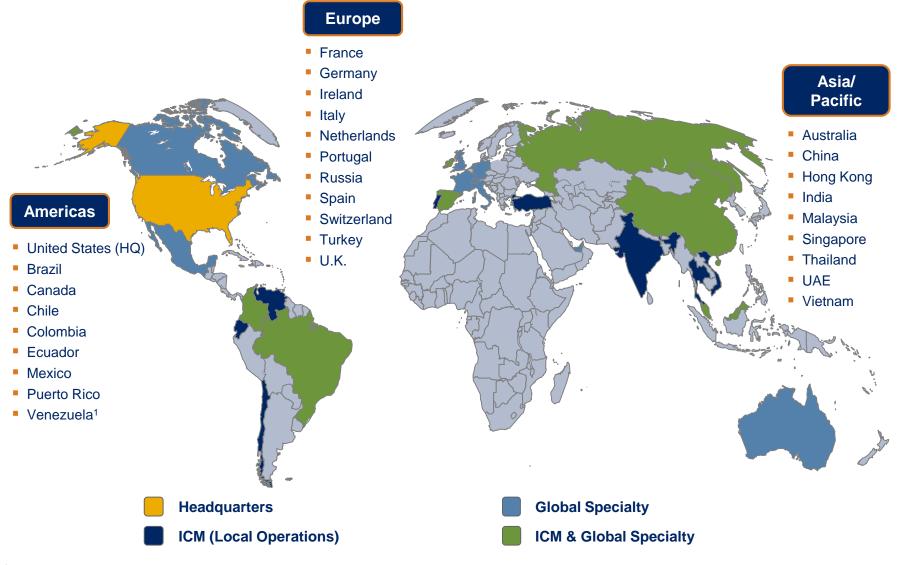
- Mutual holding company structure
- \$121.7B of assets and \$37.6B of revenues in 2015
- The most diversified P&C insurer
- 73rd among Fortune 500 companies¹

- 5th largest P&C writer in the U.S.²
- 5th largest commercial lines writer in the U.S.²
- 5th largest personal lines writer in the U.S.²
- 6th largest global P&C insurer³

- ¹ Based on 2015 Revenue as reported.
- ² Based on 2015 DWP.
- ³ Based on 2015 GWP.

Liberty Mutual's Global Presence

Liberty Mutual operates in 29 countries and economies around the globe



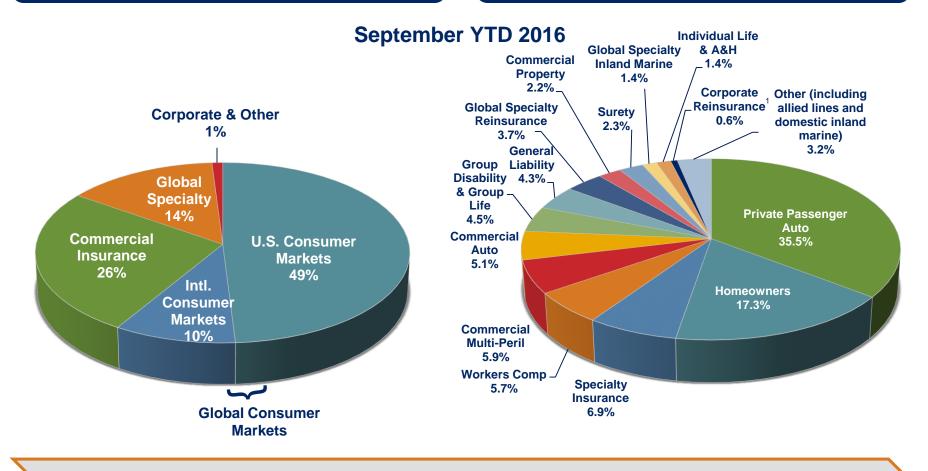
Liberty Mutual. INSURANCE

¹ Effective September 30, 2015, the Company deconsolidated its Venezuelan operations.

Analysis of Consolidated Net Written Premium "NWP"

NWP by SBU

NWP by line of business



NWP of \$27.1 billion increased 2.6% over 2015



¹ NWP associated with internal reinsurance, net of corporate external placements.

Consolidated Results

\$ Millions	т	hird Quar	ter	Year-to-Date			
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change	
NWP	\$9,309	\$8,775	6.1%	\$27,099	\$26,417	2.6%	
Pre-tax operating income ("PTOI") before partnerships, LLC and other equity method income	\$417	\$671	(37.9%)	\$1,204	\$1,365	(11.8%)	
Partnerships, LLC, and other equity method income ¹	62	52	19.2	26	50	(48.0)	
Net realized gains (losses)	84	(256)	NM	(50)	22	NM	
Consolidated net income from continuing operations	450	312	44.2	863	998	(13.5)	
Discontinued operations, net of tax	-	(744)	(100.0)	-	(909)	(100.0)	
Net income (loss) attributable to LMHC	\$455	(\$427)	NM	\$863	\$103	NM	
Cash flow provided by continuing operations	\$1,270	\$1,519	(16.4%)	\$1,915	\$2,653	(27.8%)	
\$ Millions	As of						
	Septemb	oer 30, 201	6 Dece	mber 31, 2	015 C	Change	
Total equity		\$21,	694	\$1	9,241	12.7%	

¹ Partnerships, LLC and other equity method income includes LP, LLC and other equity method income within net investment income in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income and revenue and expenses from the production and sale of oil and gas.

NM = Not Meaningful

Consolidated Results

	TI	nird Quarte	er	Year-to-Date			
	2016	2015	Change (Points)	2016	2015	Change (Points)	
Claims and claim adjustment expense ratio	63.8%	64.1%	(0.3)	62.3%	63.1%	(0.8)	
Underwriting expense ratio	30.3	31.2	(0.9)	30.7	31.5	(0.8)	
Dividend ratio	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.1	(0.1)	
Combined ratio before catastrophes, net incurred losses attributable to prior years and current accident year re-estimation	94.2	95.4	(1.2)	93.0	94.7	(1.7)	
Catastrophes ¹	3.1	1.0	2.1	5.7	4.5	1.2	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years							
- Asbestos & environmental	0.6	-	0.6	0.2	-	0.2	
- All other ^{2,3}	(0.2)	(0.8)	0.6	(0.4)	(0.8)	0.4	
Current accident year re-estimation ⁴	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	-	
Total combined ratio ⁵	97.8%	95.6%	2.2	98.5%	98.4%	0.1	

¹ Catastrophes are defined as a natural catastrophe or terror event exceeding \$25 million in estimated ultimate losses, net of reinsurance, and before taxes. Catastrophe losses, where applicable, include the impact of accelerated earned catastrophe premiums and earned reinstatement premiums.

² The nine months ended September 30, 2015 include a one-time benefit of \$91 million due to a reduction in the estimated prior years' liability for state assessments related to workers compensation.

³ Net of earned premium and reinstatement premium attributable to prior years.

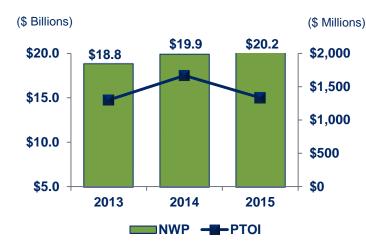
⁴ Re-estimation of the current accident year loss reserves for the six months ended June 30, 2016.

⁵ The combined ratio, expressed as a percentage, is a measure of underwriting profitability. This measure should only be used in conjunction with, and not in lieu of, underwriting income and may not be comparable to other performance measures used by the Company's competitors. The combined ratio is computed as the sum of the following property and casualty ratios: the ratio of claims and claim adjustment expense less managed care income to earned premium, the ratio to earned premium of insurance operating costs plus amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs less third-party administration income and fee income (primarily related to the Company's involuntary market servicing carrier operations) and installment charges; and the ratio of policyholder dividends to earned premium. Provisions for uncollectible premium and reinsurance are not included in the combined ratio unless related to an asbestos and environmental commutation and certain other run off.



Global Consumer Markets

NWP & PTOI



Segment Highlights

- Operates in 17 countries and economies
- 5th largest writer of personal lines in the U.S.²
- 2nd largest independent agency writer in the U.S.³
- Market leader in affinity marketing, with over 22,000 sponsored affinity relationships

Financial Performance

\$ Millions	T	hird Quar	ter	١	rear-to-Dat	e	
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change	
NWP	\$5,643	\$5,352	5.4%	\$15,897	\$15,268	4.1%	•
PTOI before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	\$586	\$625	(6.2%)	\$1,833	\$1,767	3.7%	•
Catastrophes ¹	(184)	(75)	145.3	(1,065)	(910)	17.0	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years	(28)	(12)	133.3	13	(29)	NM	
Pre-tax operating income	\$374	\$538	(30.5%)	\$781	\$828	(5.7%)	-
	Т	hird Quar	ter	Y	∕ear-to-Dat	e	
Combined ratio before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	2016	2015	Change (Points)	2016	2015	Change (Points)	
Claims and claim adjustment expense ratio	65.2%	63.1%	2.1	63.8%	63.3%	0.5	•
Underwriting expense ratio	27.4	28.1	(0.7)	28.0	28.5	(0.5)	
Subtotal	92.6%	91.2%	1.4	91.8%	91.8%	-	•
Catastrophes ¹	3.5	1.5	2.0	7.0	6.2	0.8	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years	0.5	0.3	0.2	(0.1)	0.2	(0.3)	
Total combined ratio	96.6%	93.0%	3.6	98.7%	98.2%	0.5	•

¹ Catastrophes are defined as a natural catastrophe or terror event exceeding \$25 million in estimated ultimate losses, net of reinsurance, and before taxes. Catastrophe losses, where applicable, include the impact of accelerated earned catastrophe premiums and earned reinstatement premiums.

² Based on 2015 DWP.

³ Based on Q4 2015 DWP (rolling 12-months).

On September 30, 2016, the Company completed the sale of substantially all the assets and liabilities of its Polish operation resulting in an immaterial gain. The results of the Polish operation are presented in the Corporate and Other section and are no longer reported in International Consumer Markets. All prior periods have been adjusted to reflect this change. NM = Not Meaningful

U.S. Consumer Markets: Financial Performance

(\$ Millions)	Third Quarter			Year-to-Date			
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change	
NWP	\$4,714	\$4,547	3.7%	\$13,282	\$12,728	4.4%	
PTOI before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	\$560	\$625	(10.4%)	\$1,832	\$1,804	1.6%	
Catastrophes ¹	(183)	(75)	144.0	(1,059)	(910)	16.4	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years	(43)	(13)	NM	(46)	(9)	NM	
Pre-tax operating income	\$334	\$537	(37.8%)	\$727	\$885	(17.9%)	
	Tł	Third Quarter			Year-to-Date		
	2016	2015	Change (Points)	2016	2015	Change (Points)	
Claims and claim adjustment expense ratio	65.3%	62.5%	2.8	63.3%	62.8%	0.5	
Underwriting expense ratio	24.8	25.6	(0.8)	25.3	25.5	(0.2)	
Combined ratio before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	90.1%	88.1%	2.0	88.6%	88.3%	0.3	
Catastrophes ¹	4.2	1.8	2.4	8.3	7.5	0.8	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	
Total combined ratio	95.3%	90.2%	5.1	97.3%	95.9%	1.4	

¹ Catastrophes are defined as a natural catastrophe or terror event exceeding \$25 million in estimated ultimate losses, net of reinsurance, and before taxes. Catastrophe losses, where applicable, include the impact of accelerated earned catastrophe premiums and earned reinstatement premiums. NM = Not Meaningful

International Consumer Markets: Financial Performance

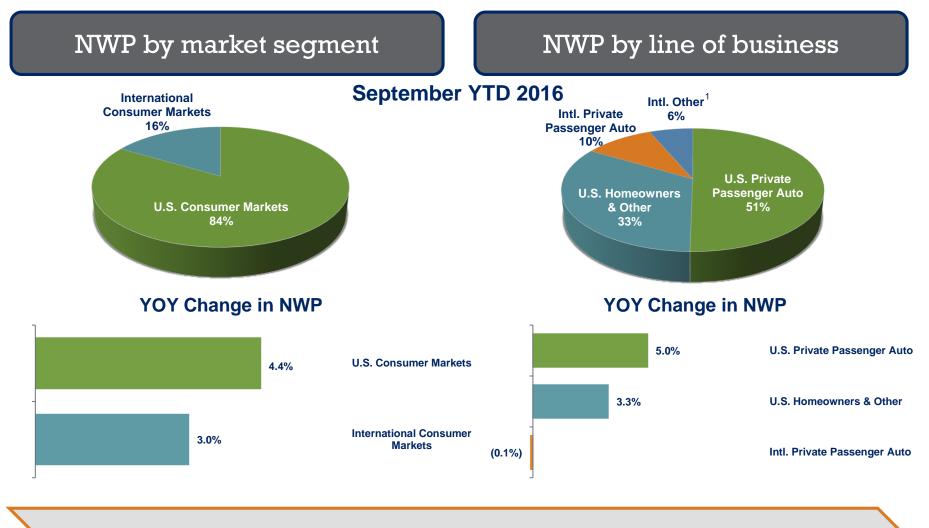
(\$ Millions)	Third Quarter			Year-to-Date			
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change	
NWP	\$929	\$805	15.4%	\$2,615	\$2,540	3.0%	
Pre-tax operating income (loss) before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	\$26	\$ -	NM	\$1	(\$37)	NM	
Catastrophes ¹	(1)	-	NM	(6)	-	NM	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years	15	1	NM	59	(20)	NM	
Pre-tax operating income (loss)	\$40	\$1	NM	\$54	(\$57)	NM	
	Tł	nird Quarter		Y	ear-to-Date		
	2016	2015	Change (Points)	2016	2015	Change (Points)	
Claims and claim adjustment expense ratio	64.5%	66.2%	(1.7)	66.0%	65.3%	0.7	
Underwriting expense ratio	40.3	41.3	(1.0)	41.6	43.0	(1.4)	
Combined ratio before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	104.8%	107.5%	(2.7)	107.6%	108.3%	(0.7)	
Catastrophes ¹	0.1	-	0.1	0.2	-	0.2	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years	(1.7)	(0.1)	(1.6)	(2.4)	0.8	(3.2)	
Total combined ratio	103.2%	107.4%	(4.2)	105.4%	109.1%	(3.7)	

¹ Catastrophes are defined as a natural catastrophe or terror event exceeding \$25 million in estimated ultimate losses, net of reinsurance, and before taxes. Catastrophe losses, where applicable, include the impact of accelerated earned catastrophe premiums and earned reinstatement premiums.

NM = Not Meaningful



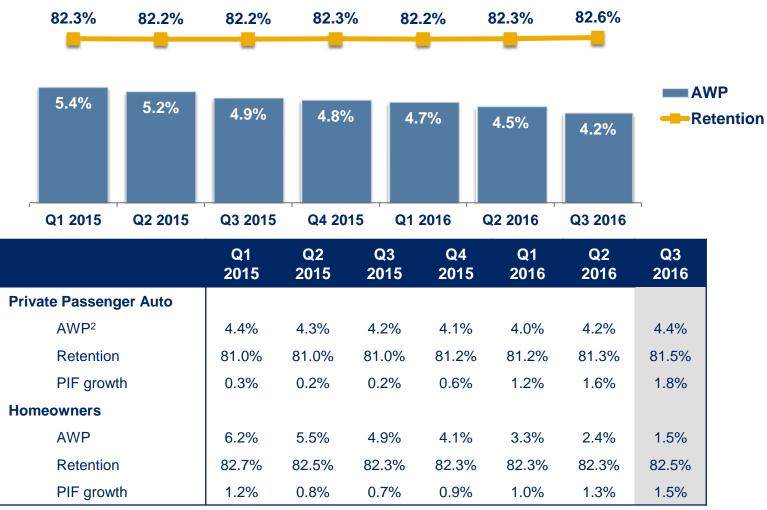
Global Consumer Markets NWP Distribution



NWP year-to-date in 2016 totaled \$15.9 billion, an increase of 4.1% over the same period in 2015

¹ Intl. Other contains the following International Consumer Markets lines of business: Life and health, Commercial automobile, Homeowners, Commercial property and Other. Other for International Consumer Markets contains premium related to other personal and commercial lines including personal accident, bonds, workers compensation, small and medium enterprise and marine and cargo lines of business. YOY: Year-over-Year

U.S. Consumer Markets: Average Written Premium (AWP), Retention, & PIF¹



PIF: policies in-force. Retention is in-force. AWP reported on a 12-month rolling basis

¹ Prior periods' AWP, Retention, and PIF growth have been restated to align with the Company's updated definition of the terms.

² Private Passenger Auto AWP is weighted for 6 and 12 month policy term mix.

International Consumer Markets: Global Presence

(\$ Millions)

West	YTD NWP	P&C Rank	P&C Share
Brazil₄	\$557	11 th	3.0%
Chile	\$259	1 st	16.7%
Colombia ^₄	\$219	4 th	6.3%
Ecuador ¹	\$42) 8 th	6.0%
Spain ^{1,5}	\$520	9 th	3.4%
Portugal ²	\$192	5 th	6.5%
Ireland ^{1,3}	\$170	8 th	6.1%
		3	

East	YTD NWP	P&C Rank	P&C Share
Hong Kong	\$77	13 th	2.1%
Malaysia	\$90	12 th	3.5%
Singapore	\$79	9 th	5.4%
Thailand	\$124	10 th	2.9%
Vietnam	\$17	13 th	1.8%
China	\$124	NM	0.1%
India	\$49	25 th	0.4%
Russia	\$35	30 th	0.4%
Turkey	\$32	22 nd	0.5%

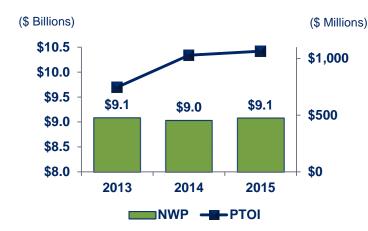
Rankings Base - Net Written Premium (NWP) as of Sept 2016 except when noted:

- ¹ Gross Written Premium
- ² Direct Written Premium
- ³ Ireland rank and share is only ROI
- ⁴ Reflects combined P&C and life markets
- ⁵ Spain rank based on motor only

Rankings are based on the most recent financial data available, which varies by country

Commercial Insurance

NWP & PTOI



Segment Highlights

 As an SBU, 7th largest U.S. P&C commercial lines insurer measured by DWP - \$8.1B⁵

Equipped to underwrite and service a wide

spectrum of exposures, from small proprietors

Approximately 5,800 active P&C independent

agents and brokers in 13,000 locations

\$ Millions	Third Quarter			Year-to-Date			
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change	
NWP	\$2,438	\$2,334	4.5%	\$7,071	\$6,897	2.5%	
PTOI before catastrophes, net incurred losses attributable to prior years and current accident year re- estimation	\$208	\$248	(16.1%)	\$893	\$876	1.9%	
Catastrophes ¹	(52)	(8)	NM	(257)	(167)	53.9	
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years ^{2,3}	(34)	2	NM	(28)	93	NN	
Current accident year re- estimation ⁴	(6)	-	NM	-	-		
Pre-tax operating income	\$116	\$242	(52.1%)	\$608	\$802	(24.2%	
prior years and current accident year re-estimation	2016	2015	(Points)	2016	2015	(Points)	
Claims and claim adjustment							
expense ratio	63.7%	64.0%	(0.3)	60.7%	62.5%	(1.8	
expense ratio Underwriting expense ratio	63.7% 35.1	64.0% 35.9	(0.3) (0.8)	60.7% 35.5	62.5% 34.8		
						0.7	
Underwriting expense ratio Dividend ratio	35.1	35.9	(0.8)		34.8	0.7	
Underwriting expense ratio	35.1	35.9 0.1	(0.8) 0.1	35.5	34.8 0.1	0.1 (0.1 (1.2	
Underwriting expense ratio Dividend ratio Subtotal	35.1 0.2 99.0%	35.9 0.1 100.0%	(0.8) 0.1 (1.0)	35.5 - 96.2%	34.8 0.1 97.4%	0. (0.1 (1.2 1.	
Underwriting expense ratio Dividend ratio Subtotal Catastrophes ¹ Net incurred losses attributable to	35.1 0.2 99.0% 2.8	35.9 0.1 100.0% 0.4	(0.8) 0.1 (1.0) 2.4	35.5 - 96.2% 4.7	34.8 0.1 97.4% 3.0	(1.8 0.7 (0.1 (1.2 1.7 2.7	

Financial Performance

¹ Catastrophes are defined as a natural catastrophe or terror event exceeding \$25 million in estimated ultimate losses, net of reinsurance, and before taxes. Catastrophe losses, where applicable, include the impact of accelerated earned catastrophe premiums and earned reinstatement premiums.

² The nine months ended September 30, 2015 include a one-time benefit of \$91 million due to a reduction in the estimated prior years' liability for state assessments related to workers compensation.

³ Net of earned premium and reinstatement premium attributable to prior years of (\$3) million and (\$9) million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 and zero and \$3 million for the same periods in 2015.

⁴ Re-estimation of the current accident year workers compensation loss reserves for the six months ended June 30, 2016 associated with the recent industry-wide rulings in Florida.

⁵ Based on 2015 DWP (excludes LMB).

to multi-nationals

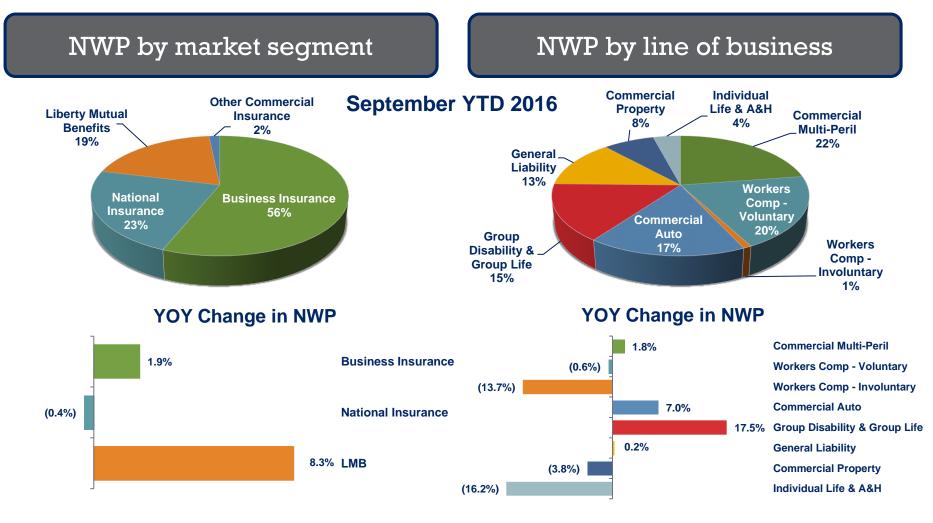
NM = Not Meaningful



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Commercial Insurance NWP Distribution

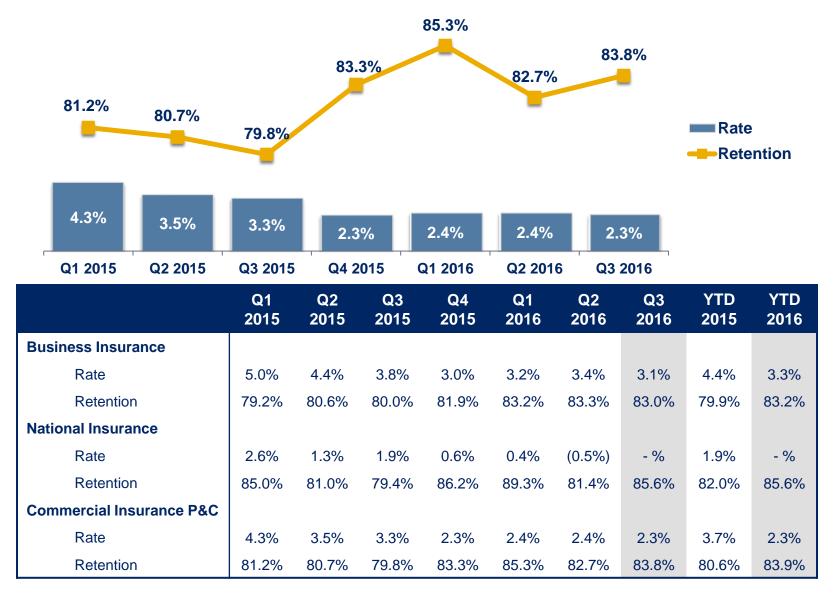


NWP year-to-date in 2016 totaled \$7.1 billion, an increase of 2.5% over the same period in 2015



YOY: Year-over-Year

Commercial Insurance: Rate & Retention



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Global Specialty NWP & PTOI



\$ Millions	Third Quarter		Year-to-Date			
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change
NWP	\$1,242	\$1,112	11.7%	\$3,858	\$3,896	(1.0%)
PTOI before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	\$177	\$109	62.4%	\$462	\$416	11.1%
Catastrophes ¹	(16)	(3)	NM	(80)	(21)	NM
Net incurred losses attributable to prior years ²	11	58	(81.0)	93	86	8.1
Pre-tax operating income	\$172	\$164	4.9%	\$475	\$481	(1.2%)
	Т	hird Quar	ter	Ŷ	'ear-to-Dat	e
Combined ratio before catastrophes and net incurred losses attributable to prior years	2016	2015	Change (Points)	2016	2015	Change (Points)
Claims and claim adjustment expense ratio	57.4%	64.4%	(7.0)	59.0%	60.8%	(1.8)
Underwriting expense ratio	34.8	33.4	1.4	34.5	34.1	0.4
Dividend ratio	0.1	0.2	(0.1)	0.2	0.2	-
Subtotal	92.3%	98.0%	(5.7)	93.7%	95.1%	(1.4)
Catastrophes ¹	1.3	0.2	1.1	2.2	0.6	1.6
Net incurred losses attributable to	(0, 0)	(4.7)	3.9	(2.6)	(2.4)	(0.2)
prior years ²	(0.8)	()		· · ·		

Financial Performance

Segment Highlights

- 8th largest Lloyd's Syndicate³
- 2nd largest surety writer in the U.S.⁴
- Business sold through broker and independent agent channels
- A premier specialty casualty lines underwriter

¹ Catastrophes are defined as a natural catastrophe or terror event exceeding \$25 million in estimated ultimate losses, net of reinsurance, and before taxes. Catastrophe losses, where applicable, include the impact of accelerated earned catastrophe premiums and earned reinstatement premiums.

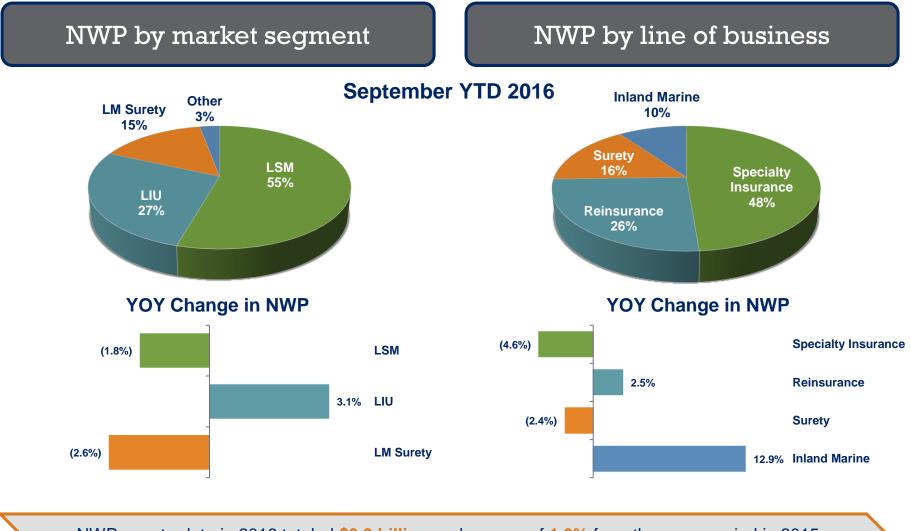
² Net of earned premium and reinstatement premium attributable to prior years of \$3 million and \$2 million for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2016, and zero and \$2 million for the same periods in 2015. ³ Based on 2015 GWP

⁴ Based on 2015 NWP

NM = Not Meaningful



Global Specialty NWP Distribution



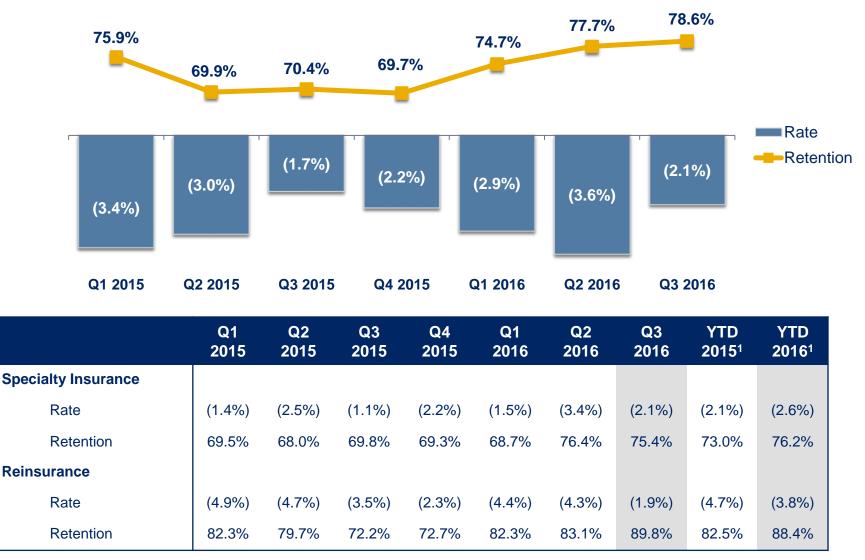
NWP year-to-date in 2016 totaled \$3.9 billion, a decrease of 1.0% from the same period in 2015 (or an increase of 0.7%¹ excluding FX over the same period in 2015).

💦 Liberty Mutual.

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¹ Determined by assuming constant foreign exchange rates between periods. YOY: year-over-year

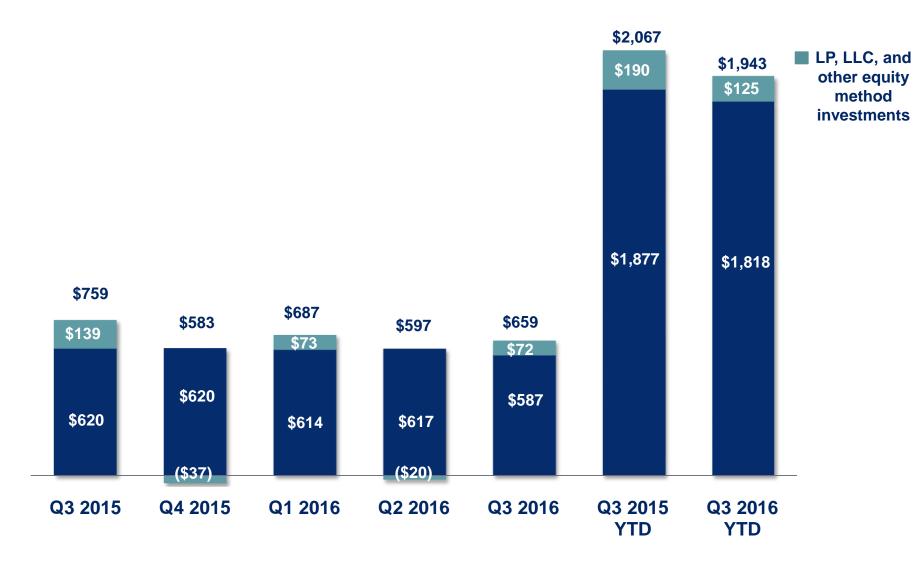
Global Specialty: Rate & Retention



¹ YTD includes timing adjustments that are not retroactively applied in prior periods

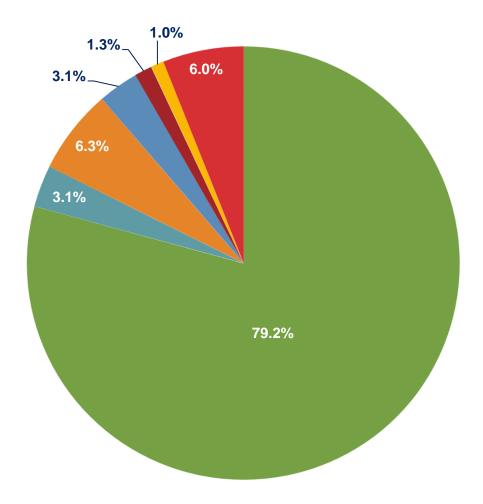
Net Investment Income

(\$ Millions)





Investment Mix



Total invested assets as of September 30, 2016: \$83.688 billion Fixed maturities

Equity securities

- LP, LLC, and other equity method investments
- Commercial mortgage loans
- Short-term investments
- Other investments
- Cash and cash equivalents



Capitalization

(\$ Millions)	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2015
Long-term debt	\$7,760	\$6,940
Adjusted debt ¹	\$6,760	\$5,940
Total equity	\$21,694	\$19,241
Less: AOCI	<u>\$116</u>	<u>(\$1,521)</u>
Total equity ex. AOCI	\$21,578	\$20,762
Total capital ex. AOCI	\$29,338	\$27,702
Adjusted debt-to-total capitalization (ex. AOCI)	23.0%	21.4%
Statutory surplus	\$19,496	\$18,687

¹ Assumes that the Series A and B Junior Subordinated Notes receive 100% equity credit, as per S&P.

Energy-Related Investments

(\$ Millions)	As of	September 30	Change since December 31, 2015		
	Carrying Value	Unfunded Commitments	Average Credit Rating	Carrying Value	Unfunded Commitments
Investment grade bonds	\$2,088	\$ -	A-	\$7	\$ -
Below investment grade bonds	326	-	B+	87	-
Publicly traded equity securities	187	-		27	-
Private equities – energy focused	391 ¹	57 4 ²		(129)	(775) ²
	\$2,992	\$574		(\$8)	(\$775)
Percent of total invested assets	3.6%				
Direct investment in oil & gas wells	\$1,325	\$364		(\$202)	(\$1,297)
Total exposure	\$4,317	\$938		(\$210)	(\$2,072)

¹ Includes Carrying Values of \$389 million of natural resources partnership and \$2 million of equity method investments (carried at fair value and reported in "Other investments").

² Energy commitments declined \$658 million in the quarter primarily due to the termination of a \$600 million commitment made by the Company to invest in the successor fund of an existing private equity energy fund. The year ended December 31, 2015 has been restated to include this estimate.

Holding Company Interest Coverage

(\$ Millions)	
Preferred dividends	\$80
Remaining dividend capacity	\$1,741
2016 dividend capacity ¹	\$1,821
Estimated PTI from LMG service companies/fees	\$315
Total available funding	\$2,136
Interest expense ²	\$383
Holding company interest coverage	5.6x

¹ Represents the estimated maximum allowable dividend without prior regulatory approval in the state of domicile. Dividends paid October 1, 2015 through September 30, 2016 were \$80 million. Remaining/available dividend capacity is calculated as 2016 dividend capacity less dividends paid for the preceding twelve months. ² Represents the 2016 forecast for debt expense at Liberty Mutual Group Inc.



Reconciliation of Statement of Income to Combined Ratio

For the three months ended Sep	tember 30, 2016				\$ Millions
Combined ratio components:	Statement of income	Presentation reclass ¹	Less: Life insurance ²	Less: Non-underwriting expenses and other adjustments ³	Combined Ratio
Premiums earned	\$8,888		(\$485)	(\$1)	\$8,402
Benefits, claims and claim adjustment expenses	6,230		(564)	(1)	5,665
Operating costs and expenses	1,734	(7)	(120)	(218)	1,389
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	1,178		(21)	-	1,157
Dividends to policyholders	N/A	7	(2)	-	5
				Total combined ratio	97.8%

For the three months ended September 30, 2015					\$ Millions	
Combined ratio components:	Statement of income	Presentation reclass ¹	Less: Life insurance ²	Less: Non-underwriting expenses and other adjustments ³	Combined Ratio	
Premiums earned	\$8,521		(\$422)	\$ -	\$8,099	
Benefits, claims and claim adjustment expenses	5,678		(470)	(1)	5,207	
Operating costs and expenses	1,815	(6)	(106)	(326)	1,377	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	1,176		(24)	-	1,152	
Dividends to policyholders	N/A	6	(2)	1	5	
				Total combined ratio	95.6%	

¹ Dividends to policyholders

²Life and annuity business excluded from P&C combined ratio

³ Includes adjustments for non-underwriting expenses primarily related to the Company's energy production and service operations, fee income, and installment charges

Reconciliation of Statement of Income to Combined Ratio

For the nine months ended Septe	ember 30, 2016				\$ Millions
Combined ratio components:	Statement of income	Presentation reclass ¹	Less: Life insurance ²	Less: Non-underwriting expenses and other adjustments ³	Combined Ratio
Premiums earned	\$25,970		(\$1,413)	\$ -	\$24,557
Benefits, claims and claim adjustment expenses	18,169		(1,525)	(6)	16,638
Operating costs and expenses	5,086	(14)	(354)	(769)	3,949
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	3,661		(63)	(1)	3,597
Dividends to policyholders	N/A	14	(5)	-	9
				Total combined ratio	98.5%

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015					\$ Millions	
Combined ratio components:	Statement of income	Presentation reclass ¹	Less: Life insurance ²	Less: Non-underwriting expenses and other adjustments ³	Combined Ratio	
Premiums earned	\$25,340		(\$1,318)	\$ -	24,022	
Benefits, claims and claim adjustment expenses	17,574		(1,404)	(7)	16,163	
Operating costs and expenses	5,245	(18)	(326)	(871)	4,030	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	3,499		(60)	-	3,439	
Dividends to policyholders	N/A	18	(5)	-	13	
				Total combined ratio	98.4%	

¹ Dividends to policyholders

²Life and annuity business excluded from P&C combined ratio

³ Includes adjustments for non-underwriting expenses primarily related to the Company's energy production and service operations, fee income, and installment charges

Q3 2016 Significant Events:

- Effective September 30, 2016, the definition of a catastrophe changed to be a natural catastrophe or terror event exceeding \$25 million in estimated ultimate losses, net of reinsurance, and before taxes. All prior periods have been adjusted to reflect this change.
- On September 30, 2016, the Company completed the sale of substantially all the assets and liabilities of its Polish operation resulting in an immaterial gain. Liberty Ubezpieczenia had approximately \$90 million of net written premium in 2015. The results of the Polish operation are presented in the Corporate and Other section and are no longer reported in International Consumer Markets. All prior periods have been adjusted to reflect this change.
- On September 6, 2016, the Company determined to hold for sale and actively market its 10 St. James and 75 Arlington properties. A gain is expected on the transaction.
- On August 16, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to sell a 51% interest of its Chinese operations to Sanpower Group. The transaction is subject to regulatory approval.

Please refer to Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for further detail.



About Liberty Mutual Insurance

Boston-based LMHC, the parent corporation of the Liberty Mutual Insurance group of entities, is a diversified global insurer and fifth largest property and casualty insurer in the U.S. based on 2015 direct written premium. The Company also ranks 73rd on the Fortune 100 list of largest corporations in the U.S. based on 2015 revenue. As of December 31, 2015, LMHC had \$121.665 billion in consolidated assets¹, \$102.424 billion in consolidated liabilities¹, and \$37.617 billion in annual consolidated revenue.

LMHC, through its subsidiaries and affiliated companies, offers a wide range of property-casualty insurance products and services to individuals and businesses alike. In 2001 and 2002, the Company formed a mutual holding company structure, whereby the three principal mutual insurance companies, Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Company and Employers Insurance Company of Wausau, each became separate stock insurance companies under the ownership of LMHC.

Functionally, the Company conducts substantially all of its business through the SBUs, with each operating independently of the others with dedicated sales, underwriting, claims, actuarial, financial and certain information technology resources. Management believes this structure allows each business unit to execute its business strategy and/or to make acquisitions without impacting or disrupting the operations of the Company's other business units.

LMHC employs more than 50,000 people in over 800 offices throughout the world. For a full description of the Company's business operations, products and distribution channels, please visit Liberty Mutual's Investor Relations web site at <u>www.libertymutualgroup.com/investors</u>.

¹ Reflects the 2016 adoption of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2015-03, *Imputation of Interest* (ASC 835).

Additional Notes

The Company's financial results, management's discussion and analysis of operating results and financial condition, accompanying financial statements and other supplemental financial information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016 are available on the Company's Investor Relations website at <u>http://www.libertymutualgroup.com/investors</u>.

The Company's discussions related to net income are presented in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") on an after-tax basis. All other discussions are presented on a pre-tax GAAP basis, unless otherwise noted. Further, the Company notes that it may make material information regarding the Company available to the public, from time to time, via the Company's Investor Relations website at http://www.libertymutualgroup.com/investors (or any successor site).

The Company's annual audited financial statements and the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on the Effectiveness of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting are also published on the Company's Investor Relations website at <u>http://www.libertymutualgroup.com/investors</u>.



